

ressed to Joseph A. Moore, general manager of the Hearst publications and generalissimo of the Hearst forces in Syracuse, is read.

"Please be sure not to allow my name to go before the convention. I certainly would not get on any ticket which, being reactionary, would stultify my record and declaration of principles and which would be a betrayal of genuine democracy."

"My nomination for any public office is not important, but it is important that the party declare for progressive principles and show the sincerity of that declaration by nominating a man who can be trusted to make it effective."

The Hearst men here apparently regarded this message as an announcement by their chief that he would be willing to try to make him a candidate for any office on the same ticket with Smith, from Senator down to state engineer and surveyor. At all events, they packed their grip, every man, pack of them, and took the next train to New York, without making any statement for publication.

The evening session of the convention proceeded with mechanical and clock-like regularity. The ticket was put through without a hitch and with very little outcry.

When it was all over Murphy rose and walked out of the crowded hall as solemnly as he had walked in. He has had a nerve-trying time since he has been here and he is glad it is all over, though he has the first time one of his subordinates has forced him for a time to relinquish the high hand.

No Great Enthusiasm

Among the delegates in general the choice was received with little indications of enthusiasm. One of them, a large, red-headed gentleman from the Bronx, observed, as he walked out into the air:

"Well, Miller ain't made such a rotten Governor. Two years more of him ain't going to hurt us none."

Smith's nomination was unanimous although the roll was called. The announcement of the vote evoked comparatively little enthusiasm.

While the delegation chamber was droning the announcement of the vote Smith reclined at ease on a cot in his room in the Onondaga.

The announcement of his nomination he received with a smile, but made no comments.

"I'll say what needs to be said on the stump," he said to a Tribune man. When it was all over and the crowd came down from the convention hall his room was besieged. The ex-Governor saw all visitors, but had little to say. His health has been from good to late, and apparently he was relieved when at midnight the last congratulators withdrew and permitted him to get a little sleep. The minutes have no illusions as to the battle before him. He knows well that in Governor Miller he has a formidable opponent, and that even with the solid democracy behind him the fight of the life is before him.

Smith was placed in nomination at 8:01 o'clock by William T. Byrne, of Albany, in the following speech:

"In the city of Albany, Smith is as beloved, so admired, so fondly thought of by all of its residents, irrespective of party affiliations, that on election day he will be elected by a majority unshared of in its political history. And so, we of Albany county are inspired by this wonderful opportunity to place in nomination a man who is the greatest of our time."

William Church Osborn, of Putnam County, in announcing the two votes of the city of Albany, said:

"The smallest county in the state casts two votes for the biggest man in the state, Alfred E. Smith."

A resolution was presented and read, extending the greetings and best wishes of the convention to ex-President Woodrow Wilson. The former President was given three enthusiastic cheers.

To 10 o'clock nominations for other officers began. The chair requested that the remaining nomination speeches be made brief. Frank H. Smith, of Schenectady, nominated Mayor George E. Lunn, of Schenectady, for Lieutenant Governor. Charles E. Norris, of Jefferson County, seconded the nomination. Delegates from several other counties briefly seconded the nomination.

A unanimous vote was cast for the Schenectady Mayor.

James A. Hamilton, of the Bronx, was nominated for State Treasurer by Sheriff Edward J. Flynn, of Albany. Former State Senator Loring M. Black, of Kings, seconded the nomination.

Former Mayor Cornelius F. Burns, of Rensselaer, then nominated Mayor James W. Fleming for State Comptroller. He was seconded by Harry C. Walker, of Buffalo. He too, was unanimously chosen.

Captain George A. Shuler, of Lyons, was nominated for State Engineer and Surveyor. He was seconded by Captain Smith's nomination also was unanimous.

Louis E. Desbeker, of Erie, placed Carl Sherman, of Buffalo, in nomination for Attorney General. Sherman also got 74 votes.

William Quinn, of Washington County, next named Dwight B. Ladd, of Albany, for State Engineer and Surveyor. The nomination was seconded was unanimously verified.

Copeland Named Last

The last nomination was for United States Senator. The chair recognized former Senator Abraham Kaplan, president of the National Service Commission of New York City, who nominated Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner of New York, Senator Kaplan declared that Dr. Copeland was the greatest health administrator in the country. John B. Johnston, of Kings, seconded the nomination and the vote of the delegates as in all other cases was unanimous. The convention adjourned at 11:10 o'clock.

The Tammany delegates remained over night here, since their special train will not leave until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Although the day session was set for 11 o'clock, it was nearly two hours later before the convention was called to order. During these two hours it was up to the director of the brass band in the gallery to keep the delegates and their friends in good humor.

At 12:30 Senator James G. Walker, minority leader of the upper house, took the platform amid cries of "Hurrah for Jimmy!"

Five minutes later Walker, as temporary chairman, banged his gavel and introduced a clergyman in prayer. This done, the band played the national anthem and the audience rose, and then the delegates in good humor, placed Mayor William S. Hackett, of Albany in nomination for permanent election. He was unanimously elected. Then Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt, of Hyde Park, and Miss Mary O'Malley, of Kings, were appointed by the chair to escort Mayor Hackett to the platform, which they did.

Then Jeremiah T. Mahoney, of Manhattan, one of the steering committee of Tammany Hall, was recognized, and the party planked platform of administration, as had been done by Walker the day before, and mildly assailing the Miller administration, as had been done by Walker.

The first roll call of applause occurred when Plank 25 of the platform pledged the party to the amendment of the Volstead act so as to permit the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer, and denounced bootlegging.

Dr. Cockran said on that memorable day he seconded the nomination of Dr. Lunn. But he was now his honor to second the nomination of the party to the Democratic ticket. He characterized the nominee as the embodiment of Democracy with the advantages of great achievements in

Leads Democrats



Snapshot of Alfred E. Smith taken yesterday at Syracuse.

Beer and Wine Democrats' Big Platform Plank

Smith's Record as Governor and Hyland's Demand for Home Rule and Busses Also Are Included

Would End Transit Board

Whole Document Calculated to Appease Most Radical of Hearst's Followers

By Harry D. Kingsley

SYRACUSE, Sept. 29.—The unqualified approval of the "splendid records of Governor Alfred E. Smith," and plank 26, declaring for modification of the Volstead act to provide for beer and light wines, were the two features of the platform adopted by the Democratic convention to-day which brought the delegates to their feet in a noisy demonstration. Following the address of Mayor William S. Hackett, of Albany, permanent chairman of the convention, former Judge Jeremiah Mahoney, chairman of the committee on resolutions, read the platform to the convention.

A long indictment of the Republican national and state administrations was read with little show of interest or applause from the delegates. There was some applause for each of the thirty planks which the Democratic party pledged itself to carry out if successful at the fall elections.

The platform as a whole was considered sufficiently radical and progressive to suit even the average Hearstites, despite Mr. Hearst's own declaration, in withdrawing his name as a candidate, that the convention had made a reactionary course. Extreme home rule demands were demanded, including absolute control over public service corporations operating within the city limits by the municipal officials; municipal ownership and operation of public utilities; the repeal of the laws creating the transit and public service commissions; a declaration for the 5 cent fare; a law for Federal legislation to operate his lines; Federal legislation to work out the appointment by Federal judges of receivers for local public utility corporations and representation by two members of the city government on any body charged with work out plans for the development of the Port of New York.

For Women in Industry

Other planks called for the creation of a real bureau of women in industry within the labor department; removal of all unjust discriminations against women through separate specific amendments while retaining existing legal protection for them in the home and in industry; restoration of the direct primaries for the nomination of all elective officers; and provision for full publicity of campaign contributions and expenditures for both primary and general elections; exemption from state taxation of incomes of less than \$5,000; rigid observance of the civil service law; and ratification of amendments to the Federal constitution by referendum to work out people instead of the state legislature; the opening of all state parks to the public for recreational purposes; amendment of the cultural law to provide for the appointment of a director of the executive authority in charge of agricultural affairs; impairment of the workmen's compensation act in labor disputes; repeal of the Lusk laws; continuance of the present laws while the necessity exists; and the extension of the rights of the individual laborer to action consistent with the maintenance of justice and order.

"We Want Beer and Wine"

The demonstration for the anti-prohibition plank started before Judge Mahoney finished reading it. Delegates jumped on their chairs waving their hats and shouting "We want wine!" and "We want beer!" and "We'll have the same damn champagne plunked down the throat of the whole lot of them!"

"Recognizing that the interpretation of the Eighteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution expressed in the Volstead act has resulted in widespread contempt and violation of the law, in illegal traffic in liquors and in official corruption, we insist upon Congressional action for the modification of the act so as to permit the manufacture and sale of light wines and beer, and the repeal of the laws creating the transit and public service commissions; the 'telephone and gas trusts'; and an attempt to increase the salaries of the City of New York, a community of the great fourth of the population and wealth of the metropolitan district, shall by the city have the right to designate two of the three representatives of New York State to the federal government, and to undertake and direct the scope of the improvement."

For Port Development

The plank on port development demands:

"The most comprehensive and judicious development of the port of New York to facilitate the handling of world-wide commerce for the benefit of our communities and industries. We insist that the principle of home rule dominate this enterprise and that the city of New York, a community of the great fourth of the population and wealth of the metropolitan district, shall by the city have the right to designate two of the three representatives of New York State to the federal government, and to undertake and direct the scope of the improvement."

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Leaders in Women's Triumph at Syracuse



Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt (left) and Mrs. Daniel O'Day, president of the League of Women Voters, photographed at convention.

Home Rule With City Ownership Is Democratic Platform Slogan

From a Staff Correspondent

SYRACUSE, Sept. 29.—The chief planks in the Democratic platform adopted at the Syracuse convention were:

"A genuine home rule amendment to the state constitution containing a grant to all cities and villages of adequate power of self-government and right to enact, alter or repeal their charters, including power to own and operate their public utilities."

"Repeal of the laws creating the Transit and Public Service Commissions."

"A law authorizing cities and towns to own and operate omnibuses."

"Development of the Port of New York, with adequate representation of the city authorities on a commission for that purpose."

"Amendments to the present state laws to remove all unjust discriminations against women."

"Restoration of the direct primaries."

"Exemption from state taxation of incomes of less than \$5,000."

"Modification of the Volstead act so as to legalize the use of beer and light wines."

"Amendments to the Federal Constitution to be ratified by referendum of the people instead of the state legislatures."

"Repeal of the present motion picture censorship law."

of the non-compensated waiting period after accident.

The so-called welfare and personal liberty planks include these:

"Amendments to the Federal Constitution to be ratified by referendum of the people instead of the state legislatures."

"Every citizen, regardless of race, color or creed, is entitled to the equal protection of the laws; mob violence can never be justified."

"The opening of all state parks to the public and their full utilization for recreational and health-giving purposes."

"We advocate the greatest extension of the rights of the individual to independent action consistent with the maintenance of justice and order, and we believe that the tendency toward bureaucracy in most departments of the government is a danger to the continuance of a democratic government. True to its traditions the Democratic party maintains that the constitutional safeguards of personal liberty should be jealously protected against any attempts to encroach upon them. We stand for the impartial enforcement of all laws and denounce unlawful methods of enforcing any."

"We favor giving to the people themselves the power to propose amendments to the state constitution under conditions that will secure thorough discussion and consideration of the proposals submitted."

"Creation of an unpaid board to study our statutes and court decisions so as to bring our laws into harmony with modern social, economic and business conditions."

"Exemption from state taxation of incomes of less than \$5,000."

"Continuance while necessity demands it of the emergency rent laws, which were proposed and signed by a Democratic Governor."

"Observance of the civil service law and regulations."

"Bi-partisan boards of elections in all counties of the state."

"We favor passage by the Legislature of the act that will submit to the people the constitutional amendment granting the soldier's bonus in recognition of the state's moral obligation to its veterans who helped win the war."

"The Democratic party," the platform concludes, "has been the great liberal party of the state, progressive, forward-looking and human. It has ever been the friend of honest business, but the relentless foe of predatory interests seeking to exploit the people. It has steadfastly supported the great modern reforms that have been made for wider popular participation in government and for the welfare of the masses."

Woman to Begin Flight From Coast to Coast October 5

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Miss Lillian Gatlin, of San Francisco, an organizer of the Aviation Gold Star Mothers of the United States, who has accepted an invitation to make a transcontinental flight as the guest of the state service, will "hop off" from here at 2 p. m. on October 5, officials of the service announced today.

As is known, she will be the first woman to make such a flight. Her schedule calls for arrival at Mitchell Field, Long Island, N. Y., October 8.

World Auto Show Scheduled

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 29.—The Royal Automobile Club of Sweden announced to-day that it will sponsor an international automobile exhibition to be held in Gothenburg May 17 to 1923. The exhibition will be the largest of the kind ever held in Scandinavia.

Newberry Case Finally Closed, His Senate View

Talk of Revival of Inquiry in Next Congress Fails to Find Justification Among Leaders of Party

Primaries Cheer Friends

Only Democratic Landslide in November Likely to Cause Renewal of Fight

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Regarding talk to the contrary, the case of Senator Newberry, of Michigan, will not be reopened in the next Congress, according to calculations of Republican leaders in the Senate.

Results of the Senatorial primaries make it clear that nothing short of a Democratic landslide will bring about the reopening in serious fashion of the controversy over the seating of Newberry as a Senator. Nothing, of course, can prevent recurrence of discussion of the case at any time.

Renomination of Senator Frelinghuysen in New Jersey has given great comfort to the Newberry supporters. In New Jersey a great issue was made of the fact that Senator Frelinghuysen voted for Newberry, but did not prevent the nomination of Frelinghuysen by an overwhelming vote. Unless Senator Frelinghuysen should be defeated by Governor Edwards, the opponents of Newberry in the Senate can gain no comfort out of New Jersey.

Townsend Expected to Win

Senator Townsend, of Michigan, who voted for Newberry and who has been renominated, faces a hard fight for reelection, but the victory of his friends here in that he will pull through. Retention of Senator Townsend in the Senate will be an important factor so far as strengthening the Newberry backing is concerned.

Senator Newberry of Indiana, has been beaten for the nomination by former Senator Albert J. Beveridge. The friends of Mr. Beveridge, however, say he is not disgraced by the defeat. Newberry will lose one vote in North Dakota, where Senator McCumber was beaten for renomination by Lynn J. Frazier. It is expected Frazier will be elected. He is against Newberry.

In Iowa, Col. Smith Brookhart, the Republican nominee for the Senate to fill the unexpired term of Senator W. S. Kenyon, who has gone to the bench, will make no difference in the Newberry or anti-Newberry strength in the Senate. Kenyon was against Newberry and so is Brookhart.

Calder Also Is Friendly

Renomination of Senator Calder in New York also is comforting to the Newberry adherents.

The possibility exists that Senator Reed, of Missouri, an implacable foe of Newberry, will be beaten and that a Republican will succeed him. Senator Pomeroy, of Ohio, another Democratic leader who fought Newberry to the hilt, is in a hard fight for reelection with Representative Fess, the Republican Senatorial nominee.

Altogether, it is impossible to surmise the primary results without coming to the conclusion that the Newberry issue, so far as the primaries are concerned, has had less effect than many expected at the time the Senate voted to allow him to keep his seat. It is still a very real issue, but the election remains to be seen. It is conceivable that Democratic gains in a number of states where there are Senatorial contests might upset the calculations of the Newberry supporters, but few political observers here believe there is reason to look for a Democratic landslide.

Secaucus Is Shocked

And Raids 'Wicked' Club

Persons living on the Hackensack Plank Road, Secaucus, which is Broadway, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street all in one so far as Secaucus is concerned, decided the clubbing of the Secaucus, especially those at the Double O Club on the Hackensack Plank Road, were altogether too exuberant.

They told the police that there were singing and public dancing at the Double O until midnight or later, and that something must be done. The best detective in Secaucus was sent to get evidence on Thursday night, and returned with a shocking report.

He said he had seen clubmen standing around the player piano and singing "Sweet Adeline" at 11:30 p. m. Moreover, several of the clubmen had been with once well known ladies on whom they tipped to their lips as they sang. He never had seen such goings-on.

They raided the Double O yesterday when all the clubmen were at work. They found the place stacked with bottles. There were whisky bottles, gin bottles, and beer bottles, and many empty ones. But all the bottles were empty, and had been empty so long that they were a small remnant. In the midst of the search was a placard inscribed "We Moan Our Loss and the police, some what chastened, decided that the best detective in Secaucus had been misled and that the clubmen, instead of being wicked, were merely mourning their loss.

Supreme Court Faces Big Problems Monday

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Supreme Court will open its term next Monday. Former Secretary of State George Sutherland, newly appointed to the court, will take his seat then.

The court faces a great amount of work and many important cases. No decisions will be handed down opening day.

Questions touching on the rights of labor are headed toward the Supreme Court for decision. Another problem coming before the court this term will be the rights of the prohibition officials beyond the three-mile limit.

Recently there have been rumors that two men might retire. Justice Holmes, might soon retire. Justice McKenna's prospective retirement also has been mentioned. Those fully in touch with the court, however, give little credence to such rumors and say they do not look for any of the associate justices to quit.

Lodge's Majority 140,751

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—Official returns from the state wide primary of September 12, completed to-day by the Secretary of State, confirmed the results announced in press returns that night. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge received 208,695 votes, and Joseph Walker, his opponent, received 140,751 votes. Senatorial primary, 65,648, according to official figures. Press returns gave Lodge, 209,677; Walker, 140,497. Colonel William A. Gaston, who won the Democratic nomination for Governor, received a plurality of 25,287 votes over Sherman Whipple.

Named for Senator



Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, winning "dark horse" of convention.

Lunn Gets Second Place



Schenectady Mayor nominated for Lieutenant Governor on Smith ticket.

Rochester Republicans Enthusiastic Over Ticket

Special Dispatch to The Tribune

ROCHESTER, Sept. 29.—Republicans generally are quite well satisfied with the ticket named at Albany. Governor Miller is very strong with the Republican organization in Monroe and the adjoining counties, where his policy of financial retrenchment has proved very popular. Because of the general demoralized status of the Democratic party in city and county Republican leaders feel confident of largely increasing the Governor's plurality in November.

The nomination of Charles L. Cadie, of this city, to be State Engineer and Surveyor is regarded not only as a compliment to Rochester, but to the ability and character of the nominee. Mr. Cadie has an immense personal following in Rochester.

Some disappointment was felt in city and country because of the failure of the convention to renominate Attorney General Charles D. Newton, of Livingston County. Friends of the Attorney General realized a week ago that he would be displaced, and many felt that his fellow townsman, Senator James W. Wadsworth, should have insisted that the organization spring a surprise feeling prevailing among the Legislature and all five members of the Assembly. In addition to rolling up a bigger plurality for the Governor than was accorded him two years ago.

Indictment Is Upheld; Morse to Go on Trial

Judge Rules Against Men Accused in Alleged Ship Stock Fraud

Charles W. Morse and his associates, who were indicted on April 27 last on charges of fixing the mails to defraud the public in the promotion of the sale of stock in the United States Steamship Company, must stand trial in the federal court, according to an opinion handed yesterday by United States Judge A. N. Hilditch, in his decision all the pleas in abatement add to quash the indictment are denied.

There were five grounds alleged in support of the motions of the defendants. The first alleged that the presence in the grand jury room of Fletcher Dobyns, special counsel to the Attorney General, was unauthorized and illegal. The second alleged that the presence of a stenographer during the proceedings was illegal. The third objection was on the grounds of insufficient evidence. The fourth was the refusal of Dobyns to permit two defendants to waive immunity and testify and the last was the charge that the grand jury was improperly drawn and constituted.

Rejected Suior Wounds Cabaret Dancer; Kills Self

Nina Dignum, a dancer in the Moulin Rouge show, was wounded twice yesterday by Murray Levinson, of 840 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn, said to have been a rejected suitor, who then shot and killed himself.

Levinson called about noon at the apartment at 800 Eighth Avenue, where Miss Dignum lives with her sister, Hazel. The girl, who is playing at the Park Theater under the name of Hazel Clarke, Miss Dignum was alone in the apartment.

room, and after repelling her bitterly he drew a revolver and fired. One bullet struck her in the neck, another in the chin. She ran from the room and fell. There were two more shots after the first, and when help came Levinson was found dead from a bullet wound. Miss Dignum was taken to Flower Hospital. Her friends said she was too much devoted to her art to marry.

Biographical Flashbacks Of Democratic Ticket

SYRACUSE, Sept. 29.—Governor—Alfred E. Smith; elected Governor 1918; beaten for Governor by Governor Miller in 1920.

Lieutenant Governor—George R. Lunn, Mayor of Schenectady; Representative in Congress for one term before his election as Mayor.

United States Senator—Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner of New York City; appointed Health Commissioner by Mayor Hyland, serving his first term.

Attorney General—Carl Sherman, of Buffalo; served as assistant United States Attorney under Stephen Lockwood; United States Attorney for Western District of New York.

Secretary of State—James A. Hamilton, of the Bronx, Commissioner of Corrections under Mayor Hyland.

Comptroller—James W. Fleming, Mayor of Troy.

Treasurer—George R. Schuler, of Lyons; former captain in the Marine Corps, stationed at Washington; two years ago ran for Congress against H. O. Gould, Republican, of Elmira, and substantially cut down a normal Republican majority in that district.

Insured Man Held Dead, Not Eloped With Stenographer

SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 29.—A jury in Federal Court here to-day returned a verdict that Edward Salisted, a former manufacturer, is dead, and it is held that his widow, Mrs. Leona Salisted, who is entitled to collect \$100,000 from the New York Life Insurance Company, the case was regarded as a test involving payment of nearly \$50,000 in insurance, which the jury found to be a fraud. The charge that Salisted had eloped with his stenographer and that bones found in the ruins of his cabin in the woods were put there and the cabin burned to conceal his elopement.

Call for Philip Morris Cigarettes

Twenty-five cents a box

"New York is like a great giant turning over in his sleep."

That is the way the New York Sun says that an East African ruler described New York's moving habit on the first of October. Whenever the giant turns he can wake in his new quarters with pure, clean Knickerbocker Ice to add to his comfort.

A card or a telephone call to Knickerbocker will insure uninterrupted service. Murray Hill 2127. Brooklyn-Nevis 3740.

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The Wonder Value of the Motor World

TELEPHONE CAR.....\$1000
Roadster.....\$1000
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